LOIS J. SCHIFFER FILED CLERIC U.S. DISTRICT COUR Assistant Attorney General Environment & Natural Resources Division United States Department of Justice **AUG | 9 | 1999** ADAM M. KUSHNER NTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 4 WILLIAM A. WEINISCHKE KATHRYN SCHMIDT STEVEN O'ROURKE 5 ENTERED JON A. MUELLER CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT PHILLIP A. BROOKS Environmental Enforcement Section AUG 2 4 1999 7 Environment & Natural Resources Division United States Department of Justice 8 P.O. Box 7611 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Washington, D.C. 20044 9 Telephone: (202) 514-4046 10 NORA M. MANELLA United States Attorney 11 LEON W. WEIDMAN Assistant United States Attorney Chief, Civil Division KURT ZIMMERMAN Assistant United States Attorney 13 Federal Building 14 300 North Los Angeles Street Los Angeles, California 90012 Telephone: (213) 894-2408 16 Attorneys for Plaintiff United States of America 17 (See next page for names of additional counsel.) 18 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 19 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 20 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and NO. CV 90-3122-AAH (JRX) STATE OF CALIFORNIA, 21 AMENDED Plaintiffs, CONSENT DECREE 22 23 MONTROSE CHEMICAL CORPORATION **ENTERED ON ICMS** 24 OF CALIFORNIA, et al., 25 AUG 2 4 1999 Defendants. 26 AND RELATED COUNTER, CROSS, AND THIRD PARTY ACTIONS. 280¢cketed ∠ Mld copy Ptys AUG 2 4 1999 - M Notice Ptys 15-14-6 91. 11- 7. 511

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AMENDED CONSENT DECREE

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This Amended Consent Decree ("Amended Decree") is made and entered into by and among the United States of America ("the United States"), on behalf of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration ("NOAA"), the Department of the Interior ("DOI"), and the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), and the State of California ("State"), on behalf of the State Lands Commission, the Department of Fish & Game, and the Department of Parks and Recreation, the Department of Toxic Substances Control ("DTSC"), and the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region ("Regional Board"), Defendant County Sanitation District No. 2 of Los Angeles County ("LACSD"), and the other entities listed in Attachment A hereto, which are hereafter collectively referred to as the "Settling Local Governmental Entities" except where otherwise specifically provided. Amended Decree is not intended to affect in any way the United States' and the State's claims against any entity other than LACSD and those other entities listed in Attachment A.

INTRODUCTION

The United States, on behalf of NOAA and DOI in their capacities as natural resource trustees (hereafter the "Federal Trustees"), and on behalf of EPA, and the State, on behalf of the State Lands Commission, the Department of Fish & Game and the Department of Parks and Recreation in their capacities as natural resource trustees (hereafter the "State Trustees") (the Federal Trustees and State Trustees collectively are referred to as "the Trustees"), filed the original complaint in this action on June 18, 1990, under Section 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental

Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended ("CERCLA", 42 U.S.C. § 9607, seeking, inter alia, recovery for damages, including damage assessment costs and related response costs, for injury to, destruction of, and loss of natural resources resulting from releases of hazardous substances, specifically including dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane and its metabolites (hereafter collectively "DDT"), and polychlorinated biphenyls (hereafter "PCBs"), from facilities in and around Los Angeles, California, into the environment, including the area defined herein as the Montrose Natural Resource Damages Area (the "Montrose NRD Area"), and for response costs incurred and to be incurred by EPA in connection with releases of hazardous substances into the environment from the Montrose Chemical Corporation site located at 20201 South Normandie Avenue, Los Angeles, California. The original complaint was amended on June 28, 1990, and again on August 16, 1991 ("Second Amended Complaint" or "Complaint"). Defendant LACSD filed its answer to the Complaint and counterclaims against the United States and the State on September 30, 1991.

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In the First Claim for Relief of the Complaint, plaintiffs asserted a claim against ten defendants, including LACSD, under Section 107(a)(1-4)(C) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a)(1-4)(C), for the alleged natural resource damages, including damage assessment costs and related response costs. In the Second Claim for Relief of the Complaint, the United States asserts a claim for recovery of costs incurred and to be incurred by EPA in response to the release or threatened release of hazardous substances into the environment at the Montrose NPL Site, as described in the Complaint, pursuant to Section 107(a)(1-4)(A) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a)(1-4)(A).

The Second Claim for Relief, brought at the request of and on behalf of EPA, does not allege liability on the part of any of the Settling Local Governmental Entities.

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EPA is the lead agency with regard to the conduct of response activities at the Montrose NPL Site. The State, through its support agencies DTSC and the Regional Board, also participates in Montrose NPL Site response activities consistent with Subpart F of CERCLA's National Contingency Plan, 40 C.F.R. §§ 300.500 - 300.525. While the State has not filed a claim in the instant action to recover response costs incurred and to be incurred at the Montrose NPL Site, DTSC and the Regional Board have incurred response costs in connection with the Montrose NPL Site.

The Montrose NPL Site was placed on the National Priorities List of Superfund Sites in October 1989. CERCLA and the National Contingency Plan ("NCP") require that a site investigation gather the data necessary to assess the threat to human health and the environment of actual or threatened releases of hazardous substances from a facility, to include any place where a hazardous substance has come to be located. Consistent with those requirements, EPA's continuing investigation of the Montrose NPL Site indicates that the Montrose NPL Site is contaminated significantly by DDT and other hazardous substances released during the manufacture of DDT, with DDT and those other hazardous substances present at the Montrose NPL Site in soil, groundwater, stormwater channel sediments, and sediments in portions of LACSD's Joint Outfall ("J.O.") "D" and District 5 Interceptor sewer lines. As a result of the ongoing investigation of the Montrose NPL Site, a series of response activities is currently underway, including a

remedial investigation and a feasibility study ("RI/FS") of the DDT contaminated soil and groundwater underlying the Montrose DDT Plant Property and surrounding areas of the Montrose NPL Site, the conduct of a time-critical removal action at the Montrose NPL Site to investigate and remove Montrose DDT from soil in residential areas within four blocks of the Montrose DDT Plant Property, the conduct of an Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis ("EE/CA") to investigate the aerial fallout of DDT dust emitted from the former Montrose DDT plant on residential and commercial areas in close proximity to the Montrose DDT Plant Property, and the conduct of a removal action to remove DDT contaminated sediments from the J.O. "D" sewer adjacent to and downstream of the Montrose DDT Plant Property.

In addition, as a result of information developed and assembled, inter alia, in connection with the Trustees' damage assessment relating to DDT and PCB contamination of the offshore area alleged in the First Claim for Relief in this action, EPA has extended its Montrose NPL Site investigation to include that portion of the Montrose NRD Area comprised of the offshore area contaminated by DDT and PCBs released into the LACSD sewer lines and subsequently deposited in the sediments of the Palcs Verdes shelf near the White's Point Outfall. EPA has not, however, extended its investigation of the Montrose NPL Site to include the Los Angeles and the Long Beach Harbors (other than the Consolidated Slip in Los Angeles Harbor).

Certain of the defendants filed cross-complaints and third party complaints alleging that some or all of the Settling Local Governmental Entities named in Attachment A are also liable for

damages and response costs related to the alleged natural resource injuries associated with the Montrose NRD Area and for response costs at the Montrose NPL Site. The bases for liability on the part of the Settling Local Governmental Entities as alleged in the cross-complaints and third party complaints relate primarily to the involvement of those entities in the provision of public services such as the collection, conveyance, treatment, and disposal of wastewater and disposal of residuals; collection and conveyance of stormwater runoff; ownership and operation of portions of the contaminated facilities, including portions of the Montrose NPL Site; and pest and vector control; and their alleged involvement as arrangers for transport, disposal or treatment and/or transporters of hazardous substances; and their alleged involvement as owner/operators of facilities where hazardous substances have been treated or disposed. These claims have been brought under federal and state law.

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The federal law claims, brought under CERCLA, are based in part on the Settling Local Governmental Entities' alleged involvement as present and past owners and/or operators of facilities at which hazardous substances were disposed by the generator defendants, as persons who arranged for transport, disposal or treatment of hazardous substances, and as persons who accepted hazardous substances for transport to disposal treatment facilities. As alleged in the cross-complaints and the third party complaints, the state law claims, brought under statutory and common law, are based in part on the Settling Local Governmental Entities' alleged statutory and common responsibilities, alleged involvement in releases of various

substances, their relationship to other dischargers, and their alleged responsibility for contamination and conditions in the contaminated areas, including the Montrose NPL Site. A broad range of relief is sought in the cross-complaints and third party complaints, including costs incurred and to be incurred and damages, including natural resource damages relating to the allegations in the First Claim for Relief and to the Montrose NPL Site.

Subsequent to the filing of this action, plaintiffs and the Settling Local Governmental Entities entered into settlement negotiations under the supervision of Special Master Harry V. Peetris pursuant to Pretrial Order No. 1, dated March 18, 1991. Those negotiations occurred over the ensuing seventeen month period and resulted in a consent decree that resolved the liability of all of those entities to plaintiffs for natural resource damages and for response costs at the Montrose NPL Site as defined in the consent decree approved by the District Court on April 26, 1993 (the "1993 Decree"). The District Court approved the 1993 Decree without the Special Master having informed the District Court of the total amount of damages being sought by the Trustees in order to avoid the impairment of the ongoing settlement negotiations with the non-settling defendants.

At the time of the settlement negotiations concerning the 1993 Decree, the signatories to the 1993 Decree (including these Settling Local Governmental Entities) and the other defendants were aware that in addition to response activities undertaken under CERCLA at the Montrose NPL Site, EPA had conducted a preliminary evaluation under CERCLA of contamination in the Santa Monica Bay

(hereafter referred to as "the Santa Monica Bay CERCLIS Site"), which included an evaluation of portions of the Palos Verdes shelf. The signatories to the 1993 Decree further understood that on September 17, 1990, after the filing of this action, EPA determined that it would conduct no further investigation or response activities under CERCLA regarding the Santa Monica Bay CERCLIS Site. The signatories to the 1993 Decree understood that EPA's "no further action" determination was subject to reconsideration by EPA, and that nothing in the 1993 Decree was intended to affect the authority or jurisdiction of EPA to take further action. Moreover, the 1993 Decree specifically reserved the authority of EPA to take further action. The signatories to the 1993 Decree also understood that DDT contamination on the Palos Verdes shelf was excluded from EPA's preliminary evaluation of the Santa Monica Bay CERCLIS Site and was deferred for possible future evaluation as part of the Montrose NPL Site in the event that EPA decided to extend the Montrose NPL Site investigation to the Palos Verdes shelf, which EPA has now done.

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In addition, the signatories to the 1993 Decree understood at the time of the negotiation of the 1993 Decree that EPA's investigation of the Montrose NPL Site was continuing. At that time, the signatories to the 1993 Decree understood that the Montrose NPL Site investigation included the LACSD J.O. "D" and District 5 Interceptor sewer lines, but that the investigation had not extended to the Palos Verdes shelf. The signatories to the 1993 Decree further understood that the Montrose NPL Site investigation included the stormwater pathway from the former Montrose DDT Plant Property downstream to the Consolidated Slip,

but not beyond. The signatories to the 1993 Decree also understood that the <code>@eographical</code> extent of the Montrose NPL Site investigation was subject to continued re-evaluation by EPA in the course of the continued investigation, and the signatories to the 1993 Decree agreed that nothing in the 1993 Decree was intended to affect the authority or the jurisdiction of EPA to extend the Montrose NPL Site investigation or to take other response activities with respect to the Palos Verdes shelf, and accordingly the 1993 Decree specifically reserved the authority of EPA to take such response activities.

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The terms of the 1993 Decree were based on, inter alia, plaintiffs' evaluation of factors including, but not limited to, the nature and extent of the Settling Local Governmental Entities' involvement in causing the alleged contamination; these entities past efforts to control and address the sources of such contamination; the alleged natural resource damages and estimated cost of restoration activities on the Palos Verdes shelf portion of the Montrose NRD Area, including possible capping, dredging, and treatment of contaminated sediments, and replacement or acquisition of equivalent resources; the contamination at the Montrose NPL Site and estimated cost of response activities at relevant areas of the Montrose NPL Site; past and ongoing efforts of others such as Montrose, in studying contamination at the Montrose NPL Site; and the Settling Local Governmental Entities' cooperation in resolving their liability at a relatively early stage of this litigation.

Pursuant to the terms of the 1993 Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities agreed to make payments of \$42,200,000 for natural resource damages and \$3,500,000 for response costs. To

date, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the 1993 Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities have made payments for damages to natural resources and for response costs into escrow accounts established and maintained by LACSD and the City of Los Angeles, respectively, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the 1993 Decree. Under the terms and conditions of the 1993 Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities have paid into the escrow account maintained by LACSD the following funds for natural resource damages: i) \$1,500,000 pursuant to Paragraph 8.A of the 1993 Decree; ii) \$7,800,000 pursuant to Paragraph 8.B of the 1993 Decree; and iii) \$10,000,000, \$9,000,000, and \$8,000,000 in three payments made pursuant to Paragraph 10.A of the 1993 Decree. addition, under the terms and conditions of the 1993 Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities have paid into the escrow account maintained by the City of Los Angeles the total amount of \$3,500,000 for response costs pursuant to the terms of Paragraph 17.A of the 1993 Decree.

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On March 21, 1995, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals reversed the decision of the District Court approving and entering the 1993 Decree, and remanded the cause to the District Court to determine, in light of further information provided by plaintiffs, "the proportional relationship between the \$45.7 million to be paid by the settling defendants and the governments' current estimate of total potential damages" and "to evaluate the fairness of that proportional relationship in light of the degree of liability attributed to the settling defendants," and in light of the numerous "other relevant factors" properly considered in the evaluation of a settlement of this type.

On March 22, 1995, the District Court ruled on pre-trial motions previously made by the Montrose-affiliated Defendants and defendant Westinghouse Electric Corporation ("Westinghouse"), holding that the collective liability of the Montrose-affiliated Defendants under the First Claim for Relief is limited to the total of all response costs plus a maximum of \$50,000,000 for natural resource damages, and that plaintiffs have the burden of proving that any pre-1980 damages for which plaintiffs seek recovery are indivisible from post-1980 damages. The District Court further ruled that the First Claim for Relief is barred by the applicable statute of limitations and ordered the dismissal of that First Claim as against the Montrose-affiliated Defendants and Westinghouse. The District Court subsequently certified its rulings on the \$50,000,000 limitation on damages and on the statute of limitations for interlocutory appeal under 28 U.S.C. § 1292(b). The Court of Appeals thereafter accepted plaintiffs' petitions for appeal of those rulings, and those appeals are presently pending and unresolved.

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Notwithstanding the March 21st decision of the Court of Appeals and the March 22nd rulings of the District Court, the Parties hereto remain desirous of resolving all of the contingent liability of the Settling Local Governmental Entities to plaintiffs, DTSC, and the Regional Board with respect to the natural resource damages relating to the Montrose NRD Area and response costs relating to the Montrose NPL Site.

In pursuing such resolution of liability, plaintiffs, DTSC, the Regional Board, and the Settling Local Governmental Entities seek to revise and to amend the 1993 Decree to take account of

developments occurring since the District Court's initial approval of the 1993 Decree. Under the direct supervision of the Special Master, the Parties have reached agreement on the Amended Decree that includes covenants not to sue by the Trustees for natural resource damages for the Montrose NRD Area, and by EPA, DTSC, and the Regional Board for response costs for the Montrose NPL Site, including the offshore areas. In addition, the Settling Local Governmental Entities are provided contribution protection. The basis for this amended agreement is set forth below.

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The Parties have considered again each of the factors, enumerated above, that were considered by them in connection with the settlement reflected by the 1993 Decree. Additionally, the Parties and the Special Master have considered each of the relevant later developments, including the guidance provided by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in United States v. Montrose Chemical Corp., 50 F.3d 741 (9th Cir. 1995), the Trustees' estimates of resource restoration costs and the value of interim lost use of resources as reported in the Fall of 1994, EPA's announcement on July 10, 1996, regarding its projected response activities at the Montrose NPL Site and related adjustments to the Trustees' estimated resource restoration costs and interim lost use claim, plaintiffs' estimate of the potential costs of EPA response action, and an appropriate evaluation in order to estimate costs and damages for settlement purposes for all parties.

As a result, the Parties have determined an appropriate settlement amount, which is set forth in this Amended Decree, based on, <u>inter alia</u>, current estimates of total potential costs and damages. In determining the settlement amount, the Parties have

considered the proportional relationship between the amount to be paid by the Settling Local Governmental Entities and a current estimate of total potential costs and damages based on a scenario that reasonably may be used to estimate costs and damages for settlement purposes. In assessing the proportional relationship, EPA and the Trustees have considered the relative roles of both the Settling Local Governmental Entities and the generator defendants in creating the conditions that gave rise to EPA's claim for response costs and the Trustees' claim for assessment costs and damages.

Plaintiffs' determination of the appropriateness of the settlement amount to be paid by the Settling Local Governmental Entities necessarily considers the fact that the Settling Local Governmental Entities are situated in a manner that is fundamentally different from the generator defendants <u>vis-a-vis</u> the plaintiffs' claims for costs and damages.

First, the generator defendants are the sources of the problem that is the subject of EPA's response activities and the Trustees' restoration program. Plaintiffs' allegations specifically concern the effects of DDT and PCBs. The Montrose-affiliated Defendants (i.e., the DDT defendants) are primarily responsible for the DDT contamination on the Palos Verdes shelf. The PCB defendants were major sources of PCBs. In contrast, the roles of the Settling Local Governmental Entities were substantially different. In general, they were passive conduits of wastewater and stormwater. Thus, any flows of DDT and PCBs that passed through collection system(s) and ocean outfall(s) owned and/or operated by the various Settling Local Governmental Entities to the Palos Verdes shelf are

far less significant to plaintiffs' assessment of relative contribution to plaintiffs' claims for costs and damages. Moreover, the volumes of wastewater and stormwater that flowed through collection system(s) and ocean outfall(s) owned and/or operated by the various Settling Local Governmental Entities is not highly significant to plaintiffs' assessment of relative contribution because it is the DDT and PCBs in the wastewater and/or stormwater that gave rise to this action and not the effects of wastewater or stormwater flow in general.

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Second, the amounts of DDT and PCBs discharged by the generator defendants were substantial. In United States v. Montrose Chemical Corp., 793 F. Supp. 237, 240-241 (C.D. Cal. 1992), this Court considered the respective contributions of contaminants to the Palos Verdes shelf of each group of generator defendants and determined that the plaintiffs' settlement methodology was reasonable. The plaintiffs believe that in view of currently available information, the estimates of the contributions of the generator defendants recited in the Court's opinion continue The Montrose-affiliated Defendants be reasonable. responsible for the discharge of approximately 5.5 million pounds of DDT, Westinghouse is responsible for the discharge of approximately 38,000 pounds of PCBs, and settling defendants Potlatch Corporation and Simpson Paper Company are responsible for the discharge of approximately 4,500 pounds of PCBs.

Third, the Settling Local Governmental Entities were largely if not completely unaware of the discharge of DDT in the wastewater from the Montrose DDT plant, the runoff of DDT contaminated stormwater from the Montrose DDT Plant Property to the Los Angeles

Harbor, or the massive ocean dumping by Montrose of its DDT waste until well after the vast amount of DDT had been discharged by the DDT defendants.

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Fourth, because the Settling Local Governmental Entities were and are not-for-profit public entities obligated to provide essential public services through the operation of sewer systems and stormwater channels, they are unlike the generator defendants that discharged the DDT and PCBs at issue as part of for-profit enterprises.

Fifth, the Settling Local Governmental Entities, in particular LACSD, undertook significant actions to halt the discharge of DDT and PCBs from the Montrose DDT Plant Property, the Westinghouse plant and the Potlatch/Simpson plant. Those actions began with LACSD's early efforts to monitor discharges from its outfalls, efforts to identify the source of DDT that was identified in the effluent, efforts to curtail the Montrose DDT discharge as early as 1969, and subsequent efforts to identify and curtail industrial sources of PCBs. LACSD's efforts resulted in large reductions in the amounts of those contaminants in the discharge from the outfalls involved herein, including a massive decline in DDT discharge from the White's Point Outfall after the Montrose DDT Plant Property ceased discharging its process waste to the LACSD sewer. In addition, LACSD has engaged in substantial monitoring on the Palos Verdes shelf and the results of the LACSD monitoring were made available to, and used by, the Trustees to better understand the conditions currently existing on the Palos Verdes shelf.

Sixth, the stormwater channels and outfalls owned and/or operated by Settling Local Governmental Entities, other than

Local Governmental Entities are believed to have contributed far lower quantities of DDT and PCBs to the area which is the subject of this action (to the extent that they contributed any DDT or PCBs). In addition, those contributions, if any, are understood to be in areas with a less direct relationship to the areas which are the subject of the plaintiffs' claims.

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Seventh, the Montrose-affiliated Defendants, as the owners and operators of the plant at which the DDT was manufactured and from which the DDT was released into the environment, not the Settling Local Governmental Entities, bear the overwhelming responsibility for the DDT contamination of the groundwater and soil underlying the Montrose DDT Plant Property, the stormwater channels (including the Kenwood Drain, the Torrance Lateral, and the Dominguez Channel) and the Consolidated Slip, the LACSD sewers, and neighborhoods. Of the Settling Local Governmental Entities only LACSD, the County of Los Angeles, and the City of Los Angeles, as the owners of the sewers, the stormwater channels, and public rights-of-way that are contaminated with Montrose DDT waste, can conceivably have any "factual responsibility" for the cleanup of DDT and other hazardous substances released or dumped by the Montrose-affiliated Defendants, and their responsibility is minimal when compared with that of the Montrose-affiliated Defendants who are responsible for manufacturing and formulating the DDT and releasing it into the environment including the sewers, the stormwater channels and the public rights-of-way.

Eighth, the Settling Local Governmental Entities continue to cooperate with plaintiffs in resolving their potential liability

relatively early in the suit, and without contested litigation. By agreeing to payment of the settlement amount, the Settling Local Governmental Entities have assumed both the risk that such amount might later prove to be an overestimate and the possibility that such total amount might later prove to have been underestimated. Additionally, plaintiffs have considered of particular significance the continued high degree of cooperation of the Settling Local Governmental Entities with plaintiffs as evidenced by their continued willingness to resolve this lengthy action without further litigation or trial, despite rulings of the District Court that, if affirmed by the Court of Appeals, would have serious adverse effect upon plaintiffs' positions herein.

The Parties further recognize that the District Court's rulings of March 22, 1995, as they presently stand, both bar and preclude any recovery of damages under the First Claim for Relief and limit the potential amount of such recovery if recovery is not totally barred and precluded. Further, the fact that plaintiffs now have the burden of proving that any pre-1980 damages for which plaintiffs seek recovery are indivisible from post-1980 damages also may limit plaintiffs' ability to recover all damages alleged under the First Claim for Relief.

In estimating possible damages and costs for settlement purposes, the Parties recognize that control of the contaminated offshore sediments through response activities by EPA on the Palos Verdes shelf more than likely will be based upon an evaluation of similar approaches, involving similar types of costs, and achieving similar results, as would have been obtained through physical restoration by the Trustees of those same offshore areas of the

1 Montrose NRD Area had that action been taken by the Trustees, except that EPA has greater statutory and administrative flexibility in the manner in which it undertakes response activities. The plaintiffs believe that EPA's flexibility will result in the incurrence of lower expenses for physical activities that are similar to those that the Trustees evaluated. Thus, the Trustees' 1994 estimate for physical restoration activity is not believed to reflect the actual costs to EPA of a response action on the Palos Verdes shelf and the Trustees' estimates may in fact exceed the actual costs of the EPA response action.

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Based on the above-recited considerations, and without limiting the Governments' position at trial, the Governments' current estimate of total damages and costs for settlement purposes is between \$225 million and \$250 million. For the purposes of settlement, the payment of \$45.7 million by the Settling Local Governmental Entities under this Amended Decree is reasonable. It reflects a proportion of about one-fifth to be paid by the Settling Local Governmental Entities, which is more than reasonable given their limited role, as set forth above, and their cooperation in settlement.

The United States and the State also have agreed on the application of the settlement funds between EPA/DTSC response costs relating to the Montrose NPL Site (as defined herein to include the effluent-affected sediments on the Palos Verdes shelf) and the Trustees' damage assessment costs and natural resource damages relating to the Montrose NRD Area. The United States and the State have agreed that the Settling Local Governmental Entities should pay a total of \$23,700,000 to the Trustees for natural resource

damages and costs which amounts to approximately one-fifth of the Trustees' total damages and costs as estimated for settlement purposes. Similarly, the United States and the State have agreed that the Settling Local Governmental Entities should pay a total of \$22,000,000 to EPA and DTSC for response costs which also amounts to approximately one-fifth of EPA's and DTSC's total response costs as estimated for settlement purposes.

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In determining the settlement amount paid for EPA/DTSC response costs and for the Trustees' damage assessment costs and natural resource damages, the United States and the State have considered the current estimates of potential costs and damages and the proportional relationship between the amount to be paid in settlement and potential costs and damages, and the court decisions In addition, the United States and the State have noted above. considered the total amount of available settlement funds, the expenses incurred by the Trustees in connection with the characterization of the effluent-affected DDT and PCB contaminated sediment deposit on the Palos Verdes shelf and the assessment of the contaminated sediments on the environment and the usefulness of much of their work to EPA; EPA's current estimate of the expenses associated with initiating response activity on the Palos Verdes shelf; the Trustees' current estimates of the funds required to initiate scoping studies with respect to the planning of biological restoration programs designed to aid in the recovery of injured trust resources; and the availability of funds from the settlement with Potlatch Corporation and Simpson Paper Company.

All claims against the Settling Local Governmental Entities, including claims for costs, damages, contribution, and other

claims, are addressed and covered by this Amended Decree. This Amended Decree resolves the Settling Local Governmental Entities' liability to the United States, on behalf of the Federal Trustees, and the State, on behalf of the State Trustees, for natural resource damages alleged in the Complaint with respect to the Montrose NRD Area, and liability to the United States and the State for response costs incurred and to be incurred in connection with the Montrose NPL Site, as defined herein, and provides contribution protection to the Settling Local Governmental Entities for all matters addressed herein. Except where otherwise specifically stated, this Amended Decree is intended to cover all past and future response cost claims which the United States and the State (through its authorized agencies) may have with respect to the Montrose NPL Site against the Settling Local Governmental Entities.

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This settlement is made in good faith after arms-length negotiations conducted under the supervision of Special Master Harry V. Peetris pursuant to Pretrial Order No. 1. Entry of this Amended Decree is the most appropriate means to resolve the matters covered herein and is fair, reasonable and in the public interest.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. For purposes of entry and enforcement of this Amended Decree only, the Parties to this Amended Decree agree that the Court has personal jurisdiction over the Parties and has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action and the Parties to this Amended Decree pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1345, and 1367, and Sections 106, 107, and 113(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9606, 9607, and 9613(b), and the principles of supplemental

jurisdiction. Solely for the purposes of this Amended Decree, the Parties waive all objections and defenses that they may have to jurisdiction of the Court or to venue in this District and to service of process. Nothing herein shall constitute: an admission or a finding that this Court has jurisdiction over the cross-claims or third party complaints against the Settling Local Governmental Entities or over any counterclaims against plaintiffs; an admission or finding that any counterclaim, cross-claim or third party complaint states a claim upon which relief may be granted; or a waiver of any defenses to any such counterclaim, cross-claim or third party complaint.

SETTLING LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES

2. The Settling Local Governmental Entities that are Parties to this Amended Decree are listed in Attachment A to this Amended Decree and for purposes of implementing Paragraphs 8 through 12 herein are further delineated in Attachment B to this Amended Decree as the Category I entities (i.e., LACSD and the various other county sanitation districts of Los Angeles County) and the Category II entities (i.e., the other Settling Local Governmental Entities).

APPLICABILITY OF AMENDED DECREE

3. The provisions of this Amended Decree, including the covenants not to sue and contribution protection, shall be binding on, apply to, and inure to the benefit of the United States and the State, and to the Settling Local Governmental Entities and their agencies and departments, including those that may be sued independently, both proprietary and non-proprietary, and including their past, present and future officials, directors, employees,

predecessors, successors and assigns. No change in the ownership or organizational form or status of any Settling Local Governmental ...
Entity shall affect its rights or obligations under this Amended Decree.

EFFECT OF SETTLEMENT/ENTRY OF JUDGMENT

- 4. This Amended Decree was negotiated and executed by the Parties hereto in good faith at arms-length to avoid the continuation of expensive and protracted litigation and is a fair and equitable settlement of claims which were vigorously contested. The execution of this Amended Decree is not, and shall not constitute or be construed as, an admission of liability by any of the Parties to this Amended Decree, nor is it an admission or denial of any of the factual allegations set out in the Complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third party complaints, or an admission of violation of any law, rule, regulation, or policy by any of the Parties to this Amended Decree. Nothing in this Amended Decree is intended to affect the authority or jurisdiction of EPA to take action beyond the boundaries of the Montrose NPL Site.
- 5. Upon approval and entry of this Amended Decree by the Court, this Amended Decree shall constitute a final judgment between and among the United States and the State, and the Settling Local Governmental Entities.

DEFINITIONS

- 6. This Amended Decree incorporates the definitions set forth in Section 101 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601. In addition, whenever the following terms are used in this Amended Decree, they shall have the following meanings:
 - A. "Damage Assessment Costs" shall mean all costs associated

with the planning, design, implementation and oversight of the Trustees damage assessment process, which addresses the fact, extent and quantification of the injury to, destruction of or loss of natural resources and the services provided by these resources resulting from releases of hazardous substances alleged in the First Claim for Relief in the Complaint, and with the planning of restoration or replacement of such natural resources and the services provided by those resources, or the planning of the acquisition of equivalent resources or services, and any other costs necessary to carry out the Trustees' responsibilities with respect to those natural resources, including all related enforcement costs.

- B. "Date of Execution of the 1993 Decree" shall mean November 2, 1992, which is the date by which the 1993 Decree was signed by all of the following: the authorized representatives of each of the Settling Local Governmental Entities, of the State, and of the EPA, and by the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division of the United States Department of Justice.
- C. "Date of Execution of this Amended Decree" shall mean the date by which this Amended Decree has been signed by all of the following: the authorized representatives of each of the Settling Local Governmental Entities, of the State, and of the EPA, and by the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division of the United States Department of Justice.
- D. "Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree" shall mean the date on which this Amended Decree has been initially approved and signed by the United States District Court.

E. "Date of Final Approval of this Amended Decree" shall mean the later of (1) the date on which the District Court has approved and entered this Amended Decree as a judgment and all applicable appeal periods have expired without an appeal being filed, or (2) if an appeal is taken, the date on which the District Court's judgment is affirmed and there is no further right to appellate review.

- F. "Joint Outfall System" shall mean that wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facility of certain county sanitation districts of Los Angeles County discharging effluent through the White's Point Outfall and consisting of the Joint Water Pollution Control Plant and the associated sewers, pumping plants, inland water reclamation plants, treatment plants, treatment plant outfall sewers and incidental sanitation works operated pursuant to the 1995 Amended Joint Outfall Agreement by LACSD and as defined therein, including subsequent modifications to that system, as contemplated by that agreement.
- G. "Montrose-affiliated Defendants" shall mean, collectively, the Montrose Chemical Corporation of California ("Montrose"), Chris-Craft Industries, Inc. ("Chris-Craft"), Rhone-Poulenc Basic Chemicals Co. ("Rhone-Poulenc") now a division of Rhone-Poulenc, Inc., Atkemix Thirty-Seven, Inc. ("Atkemix"), Stauffer Management Company, and ZENECA Holdings Inc. formerly known as ICI American Holdings, Inc. ("ICI").
- H. "Montrose DDT Plant Property" shall mean for purposes of this Amended Decree the thirteen (13) acre parcel at 20201 South Normandie Ave., Los Angeles, California 90044, which is the site of Montrose Chemical Corporation of California's former DDT production

and formulation plant. The Montrose DDT Plant Property is part of the Montrose NPL Site.

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"Montrose NPL Site" for purposes of this Amended Decree, I. includes, but is not limited to, the Montrose DDT Plant Property; the real property located at 1401 West Del Amo Boulevard, Los Angeles, California and owned by Jones Chemicals, Inc.; those portions of the Normandie Avenue Ditch adjacent to and south of 20201 South Normandie Avenue; the Kenwood Drain; the Torrance Lateral; the Dominguez Channel (from Laguna Dominguez to the Consolidated Slip); the portion of the Los Angeles Harbor known as the Consolidated Slip from the mouth of the Dominguez Channel south to, but not including or proceeding beyond, Pier 200B and Pier 200Y; the LACSD's J.O. "D" sewer from manholes D33 to D5 (approximately Francisco Street to 234th Street); the District 5 Interceptor sewer from manholes A475 to A442 (approximately Francisco Street to Sepulveda Boulevard); the real property on which the sewer rights-of-way are located for those portions of the District 5 Interceptor and J.O. "D" sewer identified above; the real property burdened by the adjacent railroad right-of-way for those portions of the District 5 Interceptor and J.O. "D" sewer identified above; the "Montrose CERCLA Removal Site" as defined in EPA Region IX's Unilateral Administrative Order 95-18, Findings of Fact at § 3, ¶ 2, dated June 7, 1995; those areas of the Palos Verdes shelf where effluent-affected DDT- and/or PCB-contaminated sediments have come to be located, respectively; and any other areas that EPA determines to be part of the EPA Montrose NPL Site investigation; except that the Montrose NPL Site shall not include, for purposes of this Amended Decree, the following locations:

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(1) any other location or area designated as a hazardous substance release site pursuant to the California Hazardous Substance Account Act, California Health and Safety Code §§ 25300 et seg., or which is the subject of a cleanup or abatement order pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code §§ 13000, et seq., other than the area defined herein as the Montrose NPL Site, at which one or more hazardous substances released from the Montrose DDT Plant Property or from the plant(s) once operated there have come to be located; (2) any other location or area listed on, proposed for or added by EPA to, the National Priorities List (currently found at 40 C.F.R. Part 300, Appendix B), other than the area defined herein as the Montrose NPL Site, at which one or more hazardous substances released from the Montrose DDT Plant Property or from the plant(s) once operated there have come to be located; and

(3) the proposed Del Amo NPL Site as it may be defined by EPA.

J. "Montrose NRD Area" shall mean for purposes of this Amended Decree the area defined in the 1993 Decree as the Montrose NRD Site and shall mean the area in and around the Channel Islands, the Palos Verdes shelf, the San Pedro Channel including Santa Catalina Island, and the Los Angeles and Long Beach Harbors as described in the Complaint and as described in the draft Damage Assessment Plan and draft Injury Determination Plan published by the Trustees on February 6, 1990 and March 8, 1991, respectively.

"Parties" shall mean each of the signatories to this K

Amended Decree.

- L. "Natural Resource Damages" shall mean damages, including loss of use, restoration costs, resource replacement costs or equivalent resource values, and Damage Assessment Costs, and response costs incurred by the Trustees, with respect to injury to, destruction of, or loss of any and all natural resources in and around the Montrose NPL Site and the Montrose NRD Area.
- M. "Response Costs" shall mean for purposes of this Amended Decree all costs of response as provided in Section 107(a)(1-4)(A) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a)(1-4)(A), and as defined in Section 101(25) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9601(25), that the United States or the State have incurred or will incur with respect to the Montrose NPL Site.

NATURAL RESOURCE CLAIM PAYMENTS

Trustees a total sum of \$23,700,000 plus all interest accrued on all funds deposited in the escrow account (the "Escrow") established in accordance with Paragraph 8.A of the 1993 Decree (the "Settlement Amount") for the promises and undertakings of the Trustees herein, with the Settling Local Governmental Entities jointly and severally responsible for this obligation except as hereinafter provided in Paragraphs 8 through 10. The Settlement Amount shall be paid by the disbursement of funds paid into the Escrow established in accordance with Paragraph 8.A of the 1993 Decree, and maintained under Paragraph 8.A of this Amended Decree. The provisions of this Amended Decree are not intended to and shall not be interpreted to restrict the ultimate authority and discretion of the Trustees to determine the use of settlement funds

received for Natural Resource Damages in accordance with the provisions of CERCLA and regulations issued thereunder. Nor are the provisions of this Amended Decree intended to restrict the right of the Settling Local Governmental Entities to allocate responsibility for payment of the Settlement Amount by agreement among themselves, provided that no such allocation is binding on the Trustees.

- 8. A. The Category I entities shall continue to maintain the Escrow established for the deposit of payments by the Category I and Category II entities pursuant to the 1993 Decree, with said Escrow bearing interest on commercially reasonable terms, in a federally-chartered bank with an office in the State of California. The Category I entities shall bear all costs of maintaining the Escrow. The Category I entities shall notify the Trustees in writing of any payments to or disbursements from the Escrow and provide on request all documentation concerning the account, including any agreements concerning the determination of interest rates.
- B. Subject only to the provisions of Paragraph 8.C, the obligations of the Category I entities and of the Category II entities establishing and maintaining the Escrow as specified in the 1993 Decree are contractual obligations to the Trustees under the 1993 Decree, and shall remain contractual obligations enforceable under the terms and conditions of this Amended Decree effective as of the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree, and those obligations shall be enforceable as a matter of contract law until such time as this Amended Decree is finally entered by the Court. The consideration for these contractual undertakings by the

Category I entities and by the Category II entities includes the immediate cessation of litigation activities by the Trustees against those entities until a determination is made by the District Court as to the entry of this Amended Decree.

- C. All settlement funds paid into the Escrow shall remain in the Escrow and may not be withdrawn except to make the payment required by Paragraph 9.A of this Amended Decree or as specified in Paragraph 14.F of this Amended Decree or unless a final judicial determination is made that entry of this Amended Decree will not be approved, and one of the Parties to this Amended Decree exercises its option pursuant to Paragraph 29 to void the agreement. If that latter event occurs, all sums paid into the Escrow and all accrued interest shall be returned to the Category I entities and to the appropriate Category II entities.
- 9. Within ten (10) working days after the Date of Final Approval of this Amended Decree, the amount of \$23,700,000, together with all interest that has accrued on all settlement funds in the Escrow since the Date of Execution of the 1993 Decree, and except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 14.B, shall be paid to the Trustees, payment to be made as follows:
- A. The Category I entities, for themselves and the Category II entities, shall cause that amount to be paid from the Escrow into the Registry of the Court, United States District Court for the Central District of California, to be administered by the Registry of the Court for the Trustees. This payment shall be made in the manner specified in Paragraph 9.B below, and the amount so paid and any interest thereon shall be administered and disbursed as provided in Paragraphs 9.C and 9.D below.

B. The payment described in Paragraph 9.A shall be made by certified or bank check or warrant payable to the "Clerk, United States District Court." The check or warrant shall include on its face a statement that it is a payment in Civil Action No. CV 90-3122 AAH (JRX) (C.D. Cal.), and shall be sent to:

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Office of the Clerk
United States District Court for
the Central District of California
312 North Spring Street
Los Angeles, CA 90012.

The Category I entities, as Escrow holder, shall cause copies of the check or warrant and of any transmittal letter accompanying the check or warrant to be sent to the Trustees as provided in Paragraph 37 of this Amended Decree.

- paid under Paragraph 9.A in an interest bearing joint account ("Registry Account") as provided in the Order Directing the Deposit of Settlement Amount into the Registry of the Court ("Deposit Order") issued by the District Court pursuant to Rule 67 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, 28 U.S.C. § 2041, and Local Rule 22 of the Local Rules for the Central District of California. The Deposit Order shall be attached to this Amended Decree and shall be entered by the District Court at the time of entry of this Amended Decree.
- D. All settlement funds and all interest accrued thereon in the Registry Account shall be held in the name of the "Clerk, United States District Court," for the benefit of the Trustees.

 All disbursements from the Registry Account shall be made to the Trustees by order of the Court in accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 2042 and the Local Rules for the Central District of

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For purposes of this Amended Decree, and without any admission by LACSD, the Parties acknowledge that LACSD has a special interest in the elimination or control of hazardous substance contamination in the marine sediments underlying the waters in and around the White's Point Outfall. For purposes of this Amended Decree, and without any admission by the City of Los Angeles and the City of Long Beach, the Parties likewise acknowledge that the City of Los Angeles and the City of Long Beach have a special interest in the elimination or control of hazardous substance contamination in the Los Angeles-Long Beach Harbors. In recognition of the special interest of LACSD, Los Angeles County and the Cities of Los Angeles and Long Beach, respectively, the Trustees agree that representatives of those entities participate on an advisory panel to the Trustees in the development of the final restoration plan (if, and when, a final restoration plan is developed), and in that role shall have reasonable opportunity to provide input to the Trustees regarding that plan. The Trustees shall nonetheless have the ultimate responsibility and authority for the adoption, development and implementation of any restoration plan. The Trustees' agreement to the creation of this advisory panel shall not be interpreted to require consultation with that panel regarding development of factual information or legal positions with respect to the conduct of the damage assessment or the litigation of this case or that the panel will have the right to vote on any plan proposals.

COVENANTS NOT TO SUE FOR NATURAL RESOURCE DAMAGES

11. Except as specifically provided in Paragraphs 12 and 13

of this Amended Decree, the United States, and the State, and agencies or instrumentalities thereof, each hereby covenants not to sue or to take any other civil or administrative action against any of the Settling Local Governmental Entities for any and all civil or administrative liability to the United States, the State, and agencies or instrumentalities thereof, for Natural Resource Damages under CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601 et seq., or under any other federal, state or common law. The foregoing covenants not to sue represent a restatement of the covenants currently in effect pursuant to Paragraph 14 of the 1993 Decree. The 1993 Decree covenants shall remain in effect until the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree. Upon the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree, the 1993 Decree covenants shall no longer be in effect and shall be superseded by the covenants set forth in this Paragraph, which shall remain in effect so long as the Settling Local Governmental Entities are fulfilling their obligations under this Amended Decree, and subject to the Parties' rights to void this Amended Decree pursuant to Paragraph 29. The United States, and the State, and agencies or instrumentalities thereof, further agree that since the Category II entities have paid the entire sum required to be paid by them into the Escrow in accordance with Paragraph 8.B of the 1993 Decree all their obligations hereunder with respect to claims for Natural Resource Damages, except as provided in Paragraph 41 of this Amended Decree, have been completely fulfilled, with the Category I entities continuing to be obligated under all provisions of this Amended Decree regarding Natural Resource Damages.

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- Notwithstanding any other provision of this Amended Decree, the Trustees reserve the right to institute proceedings against any Settling Local Governmental Entity in this action or in a new action seeking recovery of Natural Resource Damages, as defined herein, based on (1) conditions unknown to the Trustees on the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree that contribute to injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural resources ("Unknown Conditions"); or (2) information received by the Trustees after the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree which indicates there is injury to, destruction of, or loss of natural resources, of a type unknown to the Trustees as of the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree ("New Information").
- An increase solely in the Trustees' assessment of the magnitude of the injury, destruction or loss to natural resources, or in the estimated or actual Natural Resource Damages shall not be considered to be Unknown Conditions or New Information within the meaning of Paragraph 12.A (1) or (2), nor shall a determination by the Trustees that a previously identified natural resource injury was caused by that party's release of a hazardous substance, including hazardous substances other than PCBs or DDT, be considered New Information or Unknown Conditions.
- C. The Settling Local Governmental Entities reserve their right to contest any proceeding allowed by Paragraphs 12.A and 13 of this Amended Decree, and do not by consenting to this Amended Decree waive any defenses, except to the extent specified in Paragraph 20.C of this Amended Decree. In the event that the Trustees institute proceedings under Paragraph 12.A of this Amended

Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities reserve the right to assert potential cross-claims, counterclaims or third party claims against the United States or the State, or any employee, officer, agency or instrumentality thereof, relating solely to such claims asserted by the Trustees pursuant to Paragraph 12.A. Nothing in this Amended Decree shall be deemed to constitute preauthorization of a claim within the meaning of Section 111 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9611.

- D. In addition to defenses that may be asserted by the Settling Local Governmental Entities pursuant to Paragraph 12.C above, and a defense that a future release of hazardous substances now present in the sediments of the Palos Verdes shelf was the result of conditions or information known to the Trustees on the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities will not be liable for Natural Resource Damages arising from a future release of hazardous substances now present in the sediments of the Palos Verdes shelf, to the extent that it is established that the release, the injury to natural resources, and the Natural Resource Damages, resulted from LACSD's institution of full secondary treatment of wastewater flows through the White's Point Outfall.
- 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Amended Decree, the covenants not to sue in Paragraph 11 shall apply only to matters addressed in Paragraph 11 and specifically shall not apply to the following claims:
- A. claims based on a failure by the Settling Local Governmental Entities to satisfy the requirements of this Amended Decree;

B. claims for criminal liability;

- C. claims for violations of any other federal, state or local law or permit, including but not limited to violations of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1311, et seg., and any National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit issued thereunder, and the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act, California Water Code §§ 13000, et seg.; and
- D. claims arising from the past, present, or future disposal, release or threat of release of hazardous substances that do not involve the Montrose NPL Site and/or the Montrose NRD Area.

PAYMENTS WITH RESPECT TO RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

- 14. A. The Settling Local Governmental Entities shall pay to the United States and the State a total sum of \$22,000,000 (the "Montrose NPL Site Response Cost Settlement Amount"). The Montrose NPL Site Response Cost Settlement Amount shall be paid through monetary payments in accordance with the terms of Paragraphs 14.B through 14.G below.
- B. The Settling Local Governmental Entities, through the City of Los Angeles as their agent, shall continue to maintain the escrow account ("Response Costs Escrow") established by those Parties pursuant to the 1993 Decree, including all settlement funds that have been deposited therein, to wit, \$3,500,000, and any interest that has accrued thereon since the date of deposit with said Response Costs Escrow continuing to bear interest on commercially reasonable terms, in a federally-chartered bank with an office in the State of California. The Settling Local Governmental Entities shall pay into the Response Costs Escrow those additional amounts set forth below on the dates indicated

below:

January 15, 1997: \$5,900,000.00

In addition, within ten (10) working days after the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree, the amount of \$12,600,000, together with all interest that has accrued on that amount since the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree in the Escrow maintained pursuant to Paragraph 8.A of this Amended Decree, shall be paid into the Response Costs Escrow.

- costs of establishing the Response Costs Escrow. The City of Los Angeles, acting as agent for the Settling Local Governmental Entities, shall notify EPA and the State immediately after the above payments have been made, and will provide on request all documentation concerning the account, including any agreement concerning the determination of interest rates.
- D. Subject only to the provisions of Paragraph 14.E, the obligations of the Settling Local Governmental Entities to continue to maintain the Response Costs Escrow and to pay the amounts specified above into the Response Costs Escrow within the specified times are contractual obligations to the United States and the State, effective as of the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree, and those obligations shall be enforceable as a matter of contract law regardless of when or whether this Amended Decree is finally entered by the Court. The consideration for these contractual undertakings by the Settling Local Governmental Entities includes the immediate cessation of litigation activities by the United States and the State against the Settling Local Governmental Entities until a determination is made by the District

Court as to the entry of this Amended Decree.

- E. All settlement funds paid into the Response Costs Escrow shall remain in the Response Costs Escrow and may not be withdrawn except to make the payments required by Paragraphs 14.F and 14.G of this Amended Decree or unless a final judicial determination is made that entry of this Amended Decree shall not be approved, and one of the Parties to this Amended Decree exercises its option pursuant to Paragraph 29 to void the agreement. If that latter event occurs, all sums paid into the Response Costs Escrow and all accrued interest shall be returned to the Settling Local Governmental Entities.
- F. Within ten (10) working days after the Date of Final Approval of this Amended Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities shall pay to the State from the Response Costs Escrow the sum of \$140,000, together with a pro rata share of all interest that has accrued on that amount since the Date of Execution of this Amended Decree. The payment to the State shall be made by certified check made payable to "Cashier, California Department of Toxic Substances Control," and shall bear on its face this case name and number. Payment shall be mailed to:

Department of Toxic Substances Control Accounting/Cashler 400 P Street, 4th Floor P.O. Box 806 Sacramento, CA 95812-0806

Notice of said payment shall be given to the State as provided in Paragraph 37 of this Amended Decree.

G. The payment to the United States shall be in the sum of \$21,860,000, together with a <u>pro rata</u> share of all interest that has accrued on this amount as specified in this Paragraph 14.G.

Within ten (10) working days after the Date of Final Approval of this Amended Decree, the Settling Local Governmental Entities shall make payments to the United States from the Response Costs Escrow as follows: 1) \$2,500,000, together with all interest that has accrued on the \$3,500,000 deposited in the Response Costs Escrow established pursuant to Paragraph 17 of the 1993 Decree, to the "United States Environmental Protection Agency, Montrose Chemical National Priorities List Superfund Site Special Account", 2) \$1,000,000 for past response costs incurred by EPA with respect to the Montrose NPL Site for deposit by EPA in the Hazardous Substance Superfund, and 3) \$3,500,000, together with a pro rata share of interest that has accrued since ten (10) working days after the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree, to the "United States Environmental Protection Agency, Montrose Chemical National Priorities List Superfund Site-Palos Verdes Shelf Operable Unit Special Account".

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On January 30, 1997, or ten (10) days after the Date of Final Approval of this Amended Decree, whichever is later, the Settling Local Governmental Entities shall pay from the Response Costs Escrow the sum of \$14,860,000, together with all remaining sums that have accrued in the Response Costs Escrow established pursuant to Paragraph 14 of this Amended Decree, to the "United States Environmental Protection Agency, Montrose Chemical National Priorities List Superfund Site-Palos Verdes Shelf Operable Unit Special Account".

Payments to the United States shall be made by Electronic Funds Transfer ("EFT" or "wire transfer") in accordance with instructions provided by the United States to the Settling Local

Governmental Entities subsequent to the lodging of this Amended Decree. Any EFT received after 11:00 A.M. (Eastern Time) will be credited on the next business day. The Settling Local Governmental Entities shall send notice of the EFT to plaintiffs as provided in Paragraph 37 of this Amended Decree. All payments to the United States under this Paragraph 14.G shall reference the Montrose Chemical Corporation of California Superfund Site, Site # 9T26, DOJ Case # 90-11-3-511, and U.S.A.O. file number 9003085.

- H. If the United States or the State must bring an action to collect any payment required under this Paragraph 14, the Settling Local Governmental Entities shall reimburse the United States and the State for all costs of such action, including but not limited to attorney's fees.
- I. EPA commits to expend the settlement funds paid by the Settling Local Governmental Entities to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Montrose Chemical National Priorities List Superfund Site Special Account on EPA response activities with respect to the Montrose NPL Site, except those areas of the Palos Verdes shelf where effluent-affected DDT- and/or PCB-contaminated sediments have come to be located. All such funds not used in accordance with the provisions of this Paragraph 14.I may be applied to the Hazardous Substance Superfund, but only after the completion of the response activities at the Montrose NPL Site.
- J. EPA commits to expend the settlement funds paid by the Settling Local Governmental Entities to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Montrose Chemical National Priorities List Superfund Site Palos Verdes Shelf Operable Unit Special Account for response activities with respect to the

Montrose NPL Site Palos Verdes Shelf Operable Unit. All such funds not used in accordance with the provisions of this Paragraph 14.J may be deposited in the Hazardous Substance Superfund but only after completion of the EPA response activities.

IN-KIND SERVICES

- 15. A. LACSD agrees to provide in-kind services to EPA in lieu of the cash payments required by Paragraph 14 of this Amended Decree in settlement of the response cost claims of the United States and the State, subject to the conditions set forth in Paragraphs 15.B and 15.C below. Such services shall be valued by mutual agreement of EPA and LACSD. Costs of in-kind services provided by LACSD through contractors shall be approved by EPA, with the concurrence of DTSC, prior to implementation of the contract.
- B. In the event that LACSD provides in-kind services pursuant to this Amended Decree, such services shall be provided by LACSD as a contractor retained by the EPA and shall total in value not more than \$2,000,000, the services to be valued at the time rendered. EPA shall not request that LACSD provide more than \$1,000,000, in services in any twelve month period after the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree. However, EPA and LACSD, by written agreement, may modify the annual limits established above, or extend the period for provision of services, including provision for long term monitoring projects.
- C. In requesting the provision of in-kind services pursuant to Paragraph 15.A of this Amended Decree, EPA shall make work assignments to LACSD in writing and shall set forth the scope and specifications of the work required and the date by which LACSD

and/or the approved contractors will deliver the work product of the particular assignment. In making assignments, EPA will consult with LACSD, and LACSD can propose modifications to the work assignments. EPA may specify that all or a portion of a particular assignment is to be performed by a contractor, by LACSD or by identified LACSD staff members; provided that, to the extent practicable, the EPA shall accommodate LACSD's reasonable requests regarding the availability of its personnel. All services provided under this Amended Decree by LACSD shall be subject to full oversight and control by EPA. EPA shall have full access to all work in progress required under this agreement, whether by LACSD personnel or by contractors. LACSD shall submit guarterly statements to EPA itemizing the cost of services provided during the preceding quarter, and cumulatively from the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree.

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admission by LACSD, the Parties acknowledge that LACSD has a special interest in the elimination or control of hazardous substance contamination in the marine sediments underlying the waters in and around the Palos Verdes shelf. For purposes of this Amended Decree, and without any admission by the City of Los Angeles and the City of Long Beach, the Parties acknowledge that the City of Los Angeles and the City of Long Beach have a special interest in the elimination or control of hazardous substance contamination in the Los Angeles—Long Beach area. Plaintiffs maintain that the hazardous substance contamination in the sediments of the Palos Verdes shelf and the Los Angeles—Long Beach Harbors has resulted in substantial injury to resources held in

trust by the Trustees and that the elimination or control of the contamination in these sediments would facilitate the recovery of the injured resources. Plaintiffs further maintain that the release or threatened release of these same contaminated sediments may present a significant threat to human health or the environment, and that the reduction or elimination of these threats from the contaminated sediments would provide substantial benefit to the public health, welfare and the environment. undertaking the investigations required under CERCLA and the NCP to select response activities for the contaminated effluent-affected deposit on the Palos Verdes shelf. EPA, in consultation with DTSC, may determine that one or more activities are necessary or may The Settling Local determine that no action is appropriate. Governmental Entities acknowledge that one of the response activities EPA might undertake with respect to significantly reducing or eliminating the threat presented by the contaminated sediments is to isolate all or a portion of the contaminated sediments on the Palos Verdes shelf thereby significantly reducing or eliminating human exposure to and ecological impact from such contaminants. To the extent that EPA might decide to choose a response activity that isolates the contaminated sediments, the Settling Local Governmental Entities further acknowledge that a possible ready source of clean sediment suitable for isolating the contaminated sediment on the Palos Verdes shelf may be found in the Los Angeles-Long Beach Harbors. To the extent it is consistent with the obligations and responsibilities of EPA under the provisions of CERCLA and the applicable regulations governing use of recoveries, EPA commits to the expenditure of at least

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\$13,900,000 on the Palos Verdes shelf and at least \$5,000,000 with respect to activities affecting the Los Angeles-Long Beach Harbors. EPA further commits to expend these settlement funds investigation, design and implementation activities for response activities that involve the elimination or control of contaminated sediments with respect to the Palos Verdes shelf. If EPA, in consultation with DTSC, in applying the provisions of CERCLA and applicable regulations and examining the scientific and engineering objectives of remediation of the Palos Verdes shelf contaminated sediments, and taking into account the available settlement funds, determines to expend settlement funds in a manner different than described in this Paragraph, EPA will provide an explanation of its decision to representatives of LACSD, the City of Los Angeles, and the City of Long Beach. However, the provisions of this Paragraph with respect to the use of settlement funds are not intended to and do not make EPA's decisions with respect to any response activity reviewable in any judicial or administrative proceeding.

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COVENANT NOT TO SUE FOR MONTROSE NPL SITE RESPONSE ACTIVITIES AND

COSTS AND RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

of this Amended Decree, the United States, the State, and agencies and instrumentalities thereof, each hereby covenants not to sue or take administrative action against any of the Settling Local Governmental Entities, to compel response activities or to recover Response Costs incurred or to be incurred in the future in connection with the Montrose NPL Site including, but not limited to, costs for studies and evaluations of the area covered by

response activities under CERCLA Sections 106 and 107, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9606 and 9607, or pursuant to the California Hazardous Substance Account Act, California Health and Safety Code §§ 25300 et seg., or any other state statute or state common law. In addition, the United States, the State, and agencies and instrumentalities thereof, each hereby covenants not to sue or take administrative action against any of the Settling Local Governmental Entities, to compel response activities or to recover Response Costs incurred or to be incurred in the future in connection with the Montrose NPL Site under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA") Sections 3008(h), 3013, or 7003, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6928(h), 6934 or 6973, or California Health and Safety Code § 25187. The State, and agencies and instrumentalities thereof, further covenants not to sue or take administrative action against any of the Settling Local Governmental Entities, to compel response activities or to recover Response Costs incurred or to be incurred in the future in connection with the Montrose NPL Site under RCRA Section 7002, 42 U.S.C. § 6972. The foregoing covenants not to sue include a restatement of the covenants currently in effect pursuant to Paragraph 18 of the 1993 Decree. The 1993 Decree covenants shall remain in effect until the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree. Upon the Date of Initial Approval of this Amended Decree, the 1993 Decree covenants shall no longer be in effect and shall be superseded by the covenants set forth in this Paragraph which shall remain in effect so long as the Settling Local Governmental Entities are fulfilling their obligations under this Amended Decree, subject to the Parties' rights to void this Amended Decree pursuant to Paragraph 29 of this Amended Decree. The United

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